

1 **Amendment to the Claims**

2 **In the Claims:**

3 Please cancel Claim 9 and amend Claims 1, 10, 14, 20, 22, 29, 33, 43, 48, 51, 55, and 56 as  
4 follows:

5 1. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for display of an image, in regard to a limited region of  
6 interest, comprising:

7 (a) a light source which emits light;  
8 (b) a substrate that serves as a support;  
9 (c) a cantilever comprising a fixed end and a free end, the fixed end remaining  
10 fixed to the substrate and the free end extending freely relative to the substrate, enabling the free end  
11 to ~~move in~~ deflect in regard to the limited region of interest to scan light onto an image plane to  
12 create an image, wherein the cantilever is configured as one of:

13 (i) a waveguide that conveys light from the light source within the  
14 cantilever, when scanning the light onto the image plane to create the image; and

15 (ii) a moving carrier for the light source that emits the light, the light  
16 source being mounted on the free end of the cantilever and moving when scanning the light emitted  
17 by the light source onto the image plane to create the image;

18 (d) an actuator disposed adjacent to the cantilever and being employed for  
19 deflecting the cantilever so as to move the free end in a desired ~~motion~~, motion; and

20 (e) a position sensor employed for detecting a position of the free end of the  
21 cantilever, for producing a signal used in controlling the actuator to cause the cantilever to move in  
22 the desired motion.

23 2. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the apparatus has at least two dimensions  
24 smaller than three millimeters.

25 3. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the light source provides the light using at  
26 least one of a diode, a laser, and an optical fiber.

27 4. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the light source is one of:

- 28 (a) end-buttet to the fixed end of the cantilever; and  
29 (b) attached adjacent to the free end of the cantilever.

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1           5. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the cantilever comprises at least one of a  
2 silicon oxide, a silicon nitride, a glass, a polymer, a photoresist, and an epoxy resin.

3           6. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the cantilever is tapered in at least one  
4 dimension such that the fixed end is larger than the free end in said at least one dimension.

5           7. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein a dimension of the cantilever varies from the  
6 fixed end to the free end to determine vibrational characteristics of the cantilever.

7           8. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the cantilever is formed by at least one of a  
8 deep reactive ion etching, a photolithography, an e-beam lithography and a wet anisotropic etching of  
9 the substrate using a mask to define a shape of the cantilever.

10          9. (Currently Canceled)

11          10. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the cantilever is one of:

12               (a) deflected into a resonant motion in at least one of two directions;

13               (b) deflected into a ~~non-resonant~~ non-resonant motion in at least one of the two  
14 directions;

15               (c) deflected into two-dimensional circular motion using a single actuator;

16               (d) deflected into two-dimensional rocking linear motion using single actuator;  
17 and

18               (e) deflected so as to selectively move the free end to a desired position.

19          11. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the actuator comprises one of an  
20 electrostatic force actuator, a piezoelectric actuator, and an electromagnetic actuator.

21          12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the actuator comprises at least one of:

22               (a) an actuator for deflecting the cantilever in a vertical direction relative to a primary  
23 plane of the substrate; and

24               (b) an actuator for deflecting the cantilever in a horizontal direction relative to the primary  
25 plane of the substrate.

26          13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the actuator is attached to at least one of:

27               (a) the cantilever; and

28               (b) the substrate.

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1           14. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the position sensor comprises  
2 one of:

- 3           (a)     the actuator;
- 4           (b)     a piezoelectric transducer;
- 5           (c)     a capacitive displacement transducer;
- 6           (d)     a piezoresistive sensor;
- 7           (e)     a light source and detector pair;
- 8           (f)     a photodetector array;
- 9           (g)     a magnetic sensor;
- 10          (h)     a fiber bundle displacement sensor;
- 11          (i)     an interferometer; and
- 12          (j)     an inductive displacement transducer.

13           15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, further comprising a lens disposed at the free end of  
14 the cantilever through which the light conveyed through the cantilever passes.

15           16. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 15, wherein the lens comprises one of a focusing lens,  
16 a refractive lens, and a diffractive lens.

17           17. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 15, wherein the free end of the cantilever comprises a  
18 gradient index lens.

19           18. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the light source comprises:

- 20           (a)     a white light source; and
- 21           (b)     a tunable color filter to provide precise color spectrum of light, the tunable  
22 color filter comprising one of:

- 23                   (i)     an optical resonant cavity;
- 24                   (ii)    a grating; and
- 25                   (iii)   a prism.

26           19. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the light source comprises a plurality of  
27 color elements, each of the plurality of color elements producing a different color light.

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1           20. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for use either for a far-field image acquisition or for a  
2 display of an image, in regard to a limited region of interest, wherein the apparatus is configured as a  
3 micro-electro-mechanical system (MEMS), the apparatus comprising:

4                   (a)     a light source, which emits light;  
5                   (b)     a substrate that serves as a support;  
6                   (c)     a cantilever comprising at least one of a thin film layer and a thick film layer  
7 and having a fixed end and a free end, the fixed end remaining fixed to the substrate upon which the  
8 cantilever was originally formed and the free end extending freely beyond where the substrate has  
9 been removed from supporting the cantilever, enabling the free end to ~~move~~ deflect relative to the  
10 substrate in the limited region of interest;

11                   (d)     an actuator disposed adjacent to the cantilever, the actuator being employed for  
12 deflecting the cantilever so as to move the free end in a desired motion, to scan at least a portion of  
13 the limited region of interest; and

14                   (e)     a position sensor employed for detecting a position of the free end of the  
15 cantilever, for producing a signal used in controlling the actuator to cause the cantilever to move in  
16 the desired motion.

17           21. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the apparatus has at least two dimensions  
18 smaller than three millimeters.

19           22. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the light source provides the  
20 light using at least one of a diode, a laser, and an optical fiber.

21           23. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the light source is one of:

22                   (a)     end-buttet to the fixed end of the cantilever; and  
23                   (b)     attached adjacent to the free end of the cantilever.

24           24. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the cantilever comprises at least one of a  
25 silicon oxide, a silicon nitride, a glass, a polymer, a photoresist, and an epoxy resin.

26           25. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the cantilever is tapered in at least one  
27 dimension such that the fixed end is larger than the free end in said at least one dimension.

28           26. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein a dimension of the cantilever varies from  
29 the fixed end to the free end to determine vibrational characteristics of the cantilever.

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1           27. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the cantilever is formed by at least one of  
2 a deep reactive ion etching, a photolithography, an electron beam lithography, and a wet anisotropic  
3 etching of the substrate using a mask to define a shape of the cantilever.

4           28. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the cantilever comprises one of:

5               (a) an emitting waveguide that receives the light at the fixed end and directs the  
6 light received to the free end, where the light is emitted for illuminating the target;

7               (b) a receiving waveguide that receives light that is reflected from the target  
8 through the free end and directs the received light to the fixed end for detection by a photon detector;  
9 and

10              (c) a flexible member that supports the light source.

11           29. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the cantilever is one of:

12               (a) deflected into a resonant motion in at least one of two directions;

13               b) deflected into a non-resonant motion in at least one of the two directions;

14               c) deflected into ~~two-dimensional~~ two-dimensional circular motion using single  
15 actuator;

16               d) deflected into ~~two-dimensional~~ two-dimensional rocking linear motion using  
17 single actuator; and

18               (e) deflected so as to selectively move the free end to a desired position.

19           30. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the actuator comprises one of an  
20 electrostatic force actuator, a piezoelectric actuator, and a magnetic actuator.

21           31. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the actuator comprises at least one of:

22               (a) an actuator for deflecting the cantilever in a vertical direction relative to a primary  
23 plane of the substrate; and

24               (b) an actuator for deflecting the cantilever in a horizontal direction relative to the primary  
25 plane of the substrate.

26           32. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the actuator is attached to at least one of:

27               (a) the cantilever; and

28               (b) the substrate.

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1           33. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 20, wherein the position sensor comprises  
2 one of:

- 3                   (a)     the actuator;
- 4                   (b)     a piezoelectric transducer;
- 5                   (c)     a capacitive displacement transducer;
- 6                   (d)     a piezoresistive sensor;
- 7                   (e)     a light source and detector pair;
- 8                   (f)     a photodetector array;
- 9                   (g)     a magnetic sensor;
- 10                  (h)     a fiber bundle displacement sensor;
- 11                  (i)     an interferometer; and
- 12                  (j)     an inductive displacement transducer.

13           34. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising a lens disposed at the free end  
14 of the cantilever through which the light conveyed through the cantilever passes.

15           35. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein the lens comprises one of a focusing lens,  
16 a refractive lens, and a diffractive lens.

17           36. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein the free end of the cantilever comprises a  
18 gradient index lens.

19           37. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising a photon detector detecting the  
20 emitted light that is reflected from the target.

21           38. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 37, wherein the photon detector is supported by one of  
22 the substrate and the cantilever, the photon detector detecting the emitted light that is reflected from  
23 the target.

24           39. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 37, wherein the photon detector is disposed at one of:

- 25                   (a)     adjacent to the free end of the cantilever, to detect light emitted from the free  
26 end of the cantilever that has been reflected from the target;
- 27                   (b)     adjacent to the fixed end of the cantilever, to detect light that has been received  
28 from the target at the free end of the cantilever and conveyed to the fixed end of the cantilever; and
- 29                   (c)     on the free end of the cantilever, to detect light emitted from the free end of the  
30 cantilever that has been reflected from the target.

1           40. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising a controller that causes the  
2 actuator to drive the free end of the cantilever in a pattern relative to the target, so as to do one of:

3                   (a)     display an image on the target; and

4                   (b)     acquire an image of the target.

5           41. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising at least one of:

6                   (a)     a tapered waveguide coupler optically coupling the light source to the  
7 cantilever; and

8                   (b)     an index-matching material optically coupling the light source to the  
9 cantilever.

10          42. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 20, further comprising a flexible sheath enclosing the  
11 light source, substrate, cantilever, actuator, and position sensor, so that the apparatus is usable as an  
12 endoscope.

13          43. (Currently Amended) A method for enabling either a far-field image acquisition or a  
14 display of an image, in regard to a limited region of interest, using a micro-electro-mechanical system  
15 (MEMS), comprising the steps of:

16                   (a)     forming a cantilever on a substrate;

17                   (b)     removing a portion of the substrate underlying the cantilever;

18                   (c)     supporting the cantilever at a fixed end of the cantilever, the fixed end  
19 remaining fixed to the substrate, a free end of the cantilever extending freely beyond where the  
20 portion of the substrate was removed from supporting the cantilever, enabling the free end to ~~move~~  
21 deflect relative to a target in the limited region of interest;

22                   (d)     deflecting the cantilever so as to move the free end in a desired motion; and

23                   (e)     detecting a position of the free end of the cantilever, producing a signal  
24 indicative of the position for use in controlling the cantilever to move in the desired motion.

25          44. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the cantilever has at least two dimensions  
26 that are smaller than one millimeter.

27          45. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising one of the steps of:

28                   (a)     end-butting a light source to the fixed end of the cantilever; and

29                   (b)     attaching a light source adjacent to the free end of the cantilever.

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1           46. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising the step of tapering the cantilever  
2 in at least one dimension, such that the fixed end is larger than the free end in said at least one  
3 dimension.

4           47. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising the step of forming the cantilever  
5 by at least one of a deep reactive ion etching and a wet anisotropic etching of the substrate using a  
6 mask to define a shape of the cantilever.

7           48. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 43, further comprising at least one of the  
8 steps of:

9                   (a)     receiving light at the fixed end and directing the light received to the free end,  
10 said cantilever acting as a waveguide, said free end emitting light to illuminate the target;

11                   (b)     receiving light that is reflected from the target through the free end and  
12 directing the light that is received to the fixed end for detection by a photon detector; and

13                   (c)     supporting a light source at the free end, said light source emitting light that  
14 illuminates the target.

15           49. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the step of deflecting comprises one of the  
16 steps of:

17                   (a)     deflecting the cantilever into a resonant motion in at least one of two  
18 orthogonal directions; and

19                   (b)     deflecting the cantilever so as to selectively move the free end to a desired  
20 position.

21           50. (Original) The method of Claim 43, where the step of deflecting comprises at least one  
22 of the steps of:

23                   (a)     deflecting the cantilever in a vertical direction relative to a primary plane of the  
24 substrate; and

25                   (b)     deflecting the cantilever in a horizontal direction relative to the primary plane  
26 of the substrate.

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1           51. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 43, wherein the step of sensing the position  
2 of the cantilever is done with one of:

3                   (a)     an actuator, when the actuator is not being employed for driving the cantilever  
4 to move in the desired motion;

5                   (b)     a piezoelectric transducer;

6                   (c)     a capacitive displacement transducer;

7                   (d)     a piezoresistive sensor;

8                   (e)     a light source and detector pair;

9                   (e)     a photodetector array;

10                  (f)     a magnetic sensor;

11                  (g)     a fiber bundle displacement sensor;

12                  (h)     an interferometer; and

13                  (j)     an inductive displacement transducer.

14           52. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising the step of focusing light  
15 transmitted through the free end of the cantilever.

16           53. (Original) The method of Claim 52, wherein the step of focusing light is done with one  
17 of:

18                   (a)     a refractive lens;

19                   (b)     a diffractive lens; and

20                   (c)     a gradient index lens formed at the free end of the cantilever.

21           54. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising the step of detecting light that is  
22 reflected from the target.

23           55. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~Claim 54~~ Claim 54, wherein the step of detecting  
24 the light is carried out with one of:

25                   (a)     a light sensor that is disposed adjacent to the free end of the cantilever, to  
26 detect light emitted from the free end of the cantilever that is reflected from the target; and

27                   (b)     a light sensor that is disposed adjacent to the fixed end of the cantilever, to  
28 detect light that has been received from the target at the free end of the cantilever and conveyed to the  
29 fixed end of the cantilever.

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1           56. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 43, ~~where-in~~ wherein the step of deflecting  
2 the cantilever comprises the step of driving the free end of the cantilever to move in a pattern relative  
3 to the target so as to do one of the steps of:

4                   (a)     displaying an image on the target; and

5                   (b)     acquiring an image of the target.

6           57. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising at least one of the steps of:

7                   (a)     coupling a light source to the fixed end of the cantilever through a tapered  
8 waveguide coupler; and

9                   (b)     coupling a light source to the fixed end of the cantilever with an  
10 index-matching material.

11           58. (Original) The method of Claim 43, further comprising the step of enclosing at least the  
12 substrate and the cantilever in a flexible sheath to function as an endoscope.